

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
LOS ANGELES DIVISION**

In re:  
Karen Deshawn Taylor,

Case No.: 2:22-bk-14195-NB  
Chapter: 13

Debtor(s)

**AMENDED<sup>1</sup> ORDER PROHIBITING  
DEBTOR'S COUNSEL FROM CHARGING  
FEES IN CONNECTION WITH THE FILING  
OF AN APPLICATION FOR ORDER  
SETTING HEARING ON SHORTENED  
NOTICE AND APPEARING AT THE  
HEARING**

Hearing Date:  
Date: September 1, 2022  
Time: 8:30 a.m.  
Place: Courtroom 1545  
255 E. Temple Street  
Los Angeles, CA 90012  
(or via Zoomgov per posted procedures)

Debtor filed this bankruptcy case on August 2, 2022. Over three weeks later, on August 25, 2022, Debtor filed (x) a "Motion in Individual Case for Order Imposing a Stay or Continuing the Automatic Stay as the Court Deems Appropriate" pursuant to 11

<sup>1</sup> This Amended Order is being entered solely to correct (x) the inadvertent references to dates in August 2023 in the original order (dkt. 27, p. 2:21, 22 & 25) to instead refer to the correct dates in August 2022 and (y) other non-substantive typographical errors.

1 U.S.C. § 362(c)(3) or (4) (dkt. 19, the “Stay Motion”) and (y) an Application for Order  
2 Setting Hearing on Shortened Notice (dkt. 20, the “OST Application”). On August 26,  
3 2022, this Court issued its “Order Provisionally Granting Application and Setting Hearing  
4 on Shortened Notice” (dkt. 21, the “OST”).

5 This was a self-created emergency. There is no reason why the Stay Motion  
6 could not have been filed at the very start of the case.

7 To be clear, this Court recognizes that motions under sections 362(c)(3) and (4)  
8 require expedited relief. In all cases in which section 362(c)(3) applies, the automatic  
9 stay “shall terminate ... on the 30th day after the filing” of the bankruptcy case, and the  
10 bankruptcy court can extend the stay but only on a hearing “completed before the  
11 expiration of the 30-day period.” 11 U.S.C. § 362(c)(3)(B) (emphasis added). For these  
12 reasons, it appears that Debtor’s counsel calculated that hearing on the Stay Motion  
13 had to occur prior to September 1, 2022 (in fact, he was incorrect because the  
14 applicable statute is section 362(c)(4), not (c)(3), but that is all the more reason for  
15 seeking a speedy hearing because under section 362(c)(4) there is no automatic stay  
16 unless and until the bankruptcy court imposes one). So, again, this Court recognizes  
17 that motions under section 362(c)(3) or (4) require expedited relief.

18 But, like many other Bankruptcy Judges, the undersigned has standing  
19 procedures that provide for expedited relief under sections 362(c)(3) and (4) without the  
20 need for any OST Application. Specifically, pursuant to the posted Procedures of the  
21 undersigned Bankruptcy Judge (the “Procedures,” available at [www.cacb.uscourts.gov](http://www.cacb.uscourts.gov)),  
22 if the Stay Motion had been filed and served via U.S. mail any time up to a week after  
23 the petition date, *i.e.*, on or before August 9, 2022, the Stay Motion could have been  
24 self-calendared for hearing on August 23, 2022. That would have saved the expense of  
25 preparing the OST Application and the expense of overnight delivery.

26 In addition, pursuant to those same Procedures, the deadline for objections  
27 would have been August 18, 2022. It appears very likely that there would have been no  
28 objections (because most motions of this type do not draw objections, and there were

1 none in this instance), and therefore the tentative ruling posted prior to the hearing date  
2 would have excused appearances. That would have saved the expense of having  
3 anyone appear at the hearing.

4 Instead, by waiting over three weeks to file the Stay Motion, Debtor's counsel  
5 created an emergency requiring the expense of (a) the OST Application, (b) overnight  
6 delivery to a number of parties in interest, and (c) an appearance attorney to attend the  
7 hearing in case anyone objected at the hearing. In addition, this self-created  
8 emergency imposed unnecessary burdens on all parties in interest and this Court, in  
9 connection with urgently reviewing and determining how to respond to the Stay Motion,  
10 OST Application, and OST.

11 Moreover, the irony is that if Debtor's counsel is permitted to bill for all of this  
12 unnecessary additional work, he will have earned extra profits due to his own  
13 mismanagement of this case. That is outrageous.

14 Nor is there any unfairness to Debtor's counsel. For two alternative reasons he  
15 knew or should have known that he had to file the Stay Motion.

16 First, he had been Debtor's counsel in both of Debtor's prior bankruptcy cases,  
17 as reflected on the docket for Case No. 2:22-bk-13793-NB, dismissed on August 2,  
18 2022 (the same day this case was filed) and Case No. 2:16-bk-25325-NB, dismissed on  
19 November 4, 2021. Because both of those dismissals occurred within a year before the  
20 petition date in this case, Debtor's counsel should have realized, even before he filed  
21 this latest bankruptcy case, that he would need to file a motion under section 362(c)(4).

22 Second, it should be a routine practice for Debtor's counsel (or any bankruptcy  
23 attorney) to check for any prior bankruptcy cases filed by any person who seeks their  
24 services. That can be done easily and at almost no cost using the PACER system or  
25 other readily available tools.

26 In addition, this Court gave Debtor's counsel an opportunity to offer any  
27 explanation why this was not a self-created emergency, because that issue was raised  
28 in the OST and in this Court's tentative ruling, a copy of which is attached hereto as

1 **Exhibit A** and which was adopted by this Court as its actual ruling (except as to the  
2 \$100.00 fine and, as noted below, certain service issues). No such explanation was  
3 offered to justify this self-created emergency (and this Court cannot conceive of any  
4 valid explanation).

5 In addition, to all of the foregoing, in this particular case Debtor's counsel failed to  
6 comply with the terms of the OST. His initial proof of service (dkt. 24) failed to show  
7 expedited service on several creditors, as explained in the attached Tentative Ruling.  
8 His office's subsequent (belated) declaration of service (dkt. 25, p. 3:24) only attested  
9 that "I [his assistant] sent overnight mail service [on what date?] to the above mentioned  
10 creditors [at what addresses?]"

11 At the hearing, appearance counsel did his best to supplement this declaration  
12 by representing that he had been told the overnight mail service was timely under the  
13 OST, and implicitly the addresses are the same as listed in other proofs of service from  
14 Debtor's counsel. In other words, perhaps there was belated evidence of compliance  
15 with the OST (although this Court notes that service might not have complied with Rule  
16 7004(b)(3), incorporated by Rule 9014(b), Fed. R. Bankr. P.). But the larger point is  
17 that, again, Debtor's counsel caused a considerable amount additional work for his  
18 office, this Court, and any parties in interest who had to review and try to understand the  
19 barrage of papers they were receiving from his office.

20 In addition, as this Court noted on the record at the above-captioned hearing,  
21 there were other cases handled by Debtor's counsel that were on for hearing on the  
22 same day that appear to show a similar pattern of problems that impose unnecessary  
23 burdens on all parties in interest and this Court, and that create extra work for Debtor's  
24 counsel. Again, the irony is that he might then bill for attempting to address these  
25 additional self-created problems.

26 For the foregoing reasons, it is hereby ORDERED:

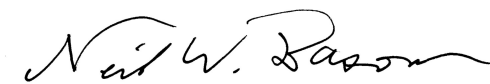
27 1. Debtor's Counsel, Mr. Lionel Giron, Esq., is directed to absorb the costs of all  
28 overnight delivery associated with the Stay Motion or the OST Application, and more

1 generally he is not permitted to charge Debtor or the bankruptcy estate any fees or  
2 expenses relating to the OST Application or the appearance of an attorney at the  
3 above-captioned hearing.

4 2. Mr. Giron is cautioned that, in this case and any other bankruptcy cases  
5 before the undersigned Bankruptcy Judge, his fees may be subject to additional scrutiny  
6 to determine whether he has caused unnecessary burdens for parties in interest, this  
7 Court, or himself. If this Court becomes aware of such possible abuses, this Court  
8 anticipates taking remedial action including (a) requiring him to appear in court, in  
9 person, to address the apparent abuses, (b) disallowance of his fees, and possibly (c)  
10 monetary sanctions or other remedies.

11 ###

12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24 Date: September 2, 2022



Neil W. Bason  
United States Bankruptcy Judge

**EXHIBIT A**

1  
2 Grant, subject to the following conditions, including creditors' ability to seek  
3 reconsideration, and also subject to any opposition and reply at the hearing, all pursuant  
4 to this Court's order provisionally setting this hearing on shortened time (the "OST," dkt.  
5 21). Appearances required.

6 If you are making an appearance, you may do so (1) in person in the courtroom, unless  
7 the Court has been closed (check the Court's website for public notices), (2) via  
8 ZoomGov video, or (3) via ZoomGov telephone. For ZoomGov instructions for all  
9 matters on calendar, please see page 1 of the posted tentative rulings.

10 (1) Defective service

11 Debtor's proof of service is deficient. The OST directed Debtor to serve various  
12 parties in interest via expedited service for receipt by noon on 8/29/22. See OST (dkt.  
13 21) p. 2. Those parties included "[a]ll secured creditors." *Id.* But Debtor's proof of  
14 expedited service (dkt. 24, p. 7) fails to include three of the four secured creditors listed  
15 on her bankruptcy Schedule D. See Sch.D (dkt. 8) pp. 12-14.

16 Nevertheless, this Court notes that Debtor's motion to impose or continue the  
17 automatic stay was served on all creditors via U.S. mail on 8/25/22 (see dkt. 19, at PDF  
18 pp. 21-25). Because such creditors could monitor the docket and discover this hearing  
19 date, and because of this Court's tentative rulings that imposition of the stay generally  
20 benefits all creditors, and reconsideration is freely available, the tentative ruling is that  
21 there is (just barely) sufficient notice for due process purposes.

22 (2) Self-created emergency

23 As set forth in this Court's OST (dkt. 21), Debtor is directed to address why notice  
24 could not have been provided sooner: the delayed filing of this motion (dkt. 19) appears  
25 entirely unnecessary. The tentative ruling, as set forth in the OST, is that counsel for  
26 Debtor should absorb the cost of overnight delivery, and that counsel should not charge  
27 any fees and/or expenses for the Application (dkt. 20) and related matters.

28 In addition, counsel should be prepared to address at the hearing what remedy is  
appropriate for his failure to comply with the OST's requirements for expedited service  
on secured creditors. The tentative ruling is to impose a sanction of \$100.00.

(3) Merits

On the merits of the motion, the tentative ruling is to impose the automatic stay,  
for the benefit of all creditors (to prevent a "race to collect" from Debtor's limited income  
and assets), without prejudice to any creditor seeking relief from the automatic stay in  
future. After the hearing date this Court will prepare an order and the tentative ruling is  
to include the following language in that order:

The stay of 11 U.S.C. 362(a) applies subject to the following modifications  
and conditions:

(1) Service and reconsideration. Any party in interest who was not timely  
served in accordance with FRBP 7004 (incorporated by FRBP 9014(b)) is  
hereby granted through 14 days after proper service to seek reconsideration,

1 including retroactive relief (under FRBP 9023 and/or 9024). Any such person  
2 should check the posted procedures of the presiding judge (currently and  
3 temporarily Judge Bason, but only through 9/2/22, after which Judge Brand  
4 will once again be presiding over this case), regarding the amount of notice  
5 required for any such motion, whether any briefs will be required for an initial  
6 hearing, and other procedures.

7 (2) Reasons. (a) It appears appropriate to continue/impose the automatic  
8 stay, and to continue/impose it as to all persons rather than just as to selected  
9 persons, because one purpose of the automatic stay is to prevent a "race to  
10 collect" that could unfairly advantage some creditors at the expense of others.  
11 (b) To prevent possible abuse, this Court provides the foregoing process for  
12 reconsideration.

13 (3) Very limited ruling. This Court's tentative ruling to grant the foregoing  
14 relief is solely for purposes of this motion, and is not intended to have any  
15 binding effect with respect to any future assertions by any party in interest  
16 regarding the existence or lack of existence of good faith in any other context.  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28