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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re

THE DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDING OF OSCAR ACEVEDO

Case No. MP 10-00192

MEMORANDUM OF DECISION ON DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDING OF OSCAR ACEVEDO

Date: November 12, 2010 Time: 10:00 a.m. Place: Courtroom 1545

Roybal Federal Building 255 East Temple Street

Los Angeles, CA

On November 12, 2010, the matter of the disciplinary proceeding of Oscar Acevedo ("Acevedo") came on for hearing before the hearing panel designated to hear the matter consisting of the undersigned United States Bankruptcy Judges, the Hon. Ernest M. Robles, Presiding Judge, the Hon. Meredith A. Jury, and the Hon. Catherine E. Bauer ("Panel"). Oscar Acevedo ("Acevado") appeared on his own behalf. Jennifer Braun and Katherine Bunker, Attorneys for the Office of the United States Trustee, appeared for the United States Trustee ("UST").

This disciplinary proceeding was initiated by the Hon. Maureen A. Tighe, United States Bankruptcy Judge, against Acevedo pursuant to this court's General Order 96-05, by a filing a Statement of Cause on July 30, 2010 in cases nos. 1:09-20293-KT, 1:09-20163-KT, 1:09-20174-MT, 1:09-202-KT, 1:09-20297-MT, 1:09-20312-GM, 1:09-20318-MT, 1:09-20374-KT, 1:09-20608-MT, 1:09-21018-KT, 1:09-21109-MT, 1:09-21364-KT, 1:09-21561-GM, 1:09-21722-GM, 1:09-21994-MT, 1:09-22210-GM, 1:09-23082-GM, 1:09-23283-GM and 1:09-23289-KT.

Statement of Cause Pursuant to General Order No. 96-05

The conduct that gave rise to the Statement of Cause was set forth in Judge Tighe's Memorandum of Decision dated July 20, 2010 ("Memorandum"). That conduct included the filing, between August 8, 2009 and October 8, 2009 by Acevedo of nineteen Chapter 7 bankruptcy cases in the San Fernando Valley Division. In each of these cases, the schedules (except those relating to real property) either stated "none" or listed zeros in nearly every spot requiring an entry. Each of these cases came to Acevedo via Mark Shoemaker ("Shoemaker"), The Law Offices of Mark Shoemaker ("LOMS") and Shoemaker's company Advocate For Fair Lending ("AFFL") (the "Shoemaker Entities").

On December 29, 2009, the Office of the United States Trustee ("UST") filed an application for an Order to Show Cause in each of the subject cases. The UST, in its application, alleged that Acevedo filled the schedules and statement of financial affairs with inaccuracies and solely to delay creditors by stalling foreclosures on real property. The court granted the UST's application and issued an OSC requiring Acevedo and the Shoemaker Entities to appear and explain: (1) why attorney compensation pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 329 should not be disgorged for inadequate representation of the debtors and for suborning perjury; (2) why further monetary sanctions pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9011 and 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(4) should not be imposed against Acevedo for his conduct; and (3) whether there existed an undisclosed fee sharing agreement between the Shoemaker Entities and Acevedo in connection with the bankruptcy filings in violation of § 329 and Rule 2016(b). Shoemaker filed a Response and Opposition to the OSC regarding disgorgement on behalf of Shoemaker Entities. Acevedo filed a limited response. Acevedo's response indicated that he sought to take responsibility for the actions implicated in the OSC.

Two evidentiary hearings were held by the court, one on March 3, 2010 and one on April 5, 2010. The March 3, 2010 hearing consisted mainly of testimony by

¹Shoemaker testified that he formed AFFL for the purpose of providing econometric analysis for mortgage loans. Shoemaker was President and owner of AFFL. At the time of AFFL's formation, Shoemaker also had his own law practice--LOMS. LOMS consisted of six attorneys who specialized in lender liability issues and foreclosure litigation. LOMS referred the subject nineteen cases to Acevedo for the filing of bankruptcies after the clients signed Attorney-Client Retainer Agreements with LOMS and paid LOMS \$1,000 each as retainers. The matters were then referred to Acevedo and one of the Shoemaker Entities paid Acevedo \$799.00 per case.

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Shoemaker. On April 5, 2010, Acevedo took the stand, but exercised his right to plead the Fifth Amendment to nearly all of the questions posed by the UST.

In its Memorandum, which this Panel hereby incorporates by reference, the court found that Acevedo had wronged the court and his clients. Acevedo's nineteen improper bankruptcy filings led to delays in the resolution of debtors' cases, a dismissal of two of the nineteen cases (1:09-bk-20293-KT and 1:09-bk-21109-MT), increased costs to the debtors and creditors, and a substantially increased burden on the court. The court found that Acevedo failed to adequately assist the nineteen debtors in the preparation of their statements of current income and expenses and that he did not even ask for any of the debtors' financial information other than that relating to the debtors' loans and foreclosing trustees. He signed the nineteen bankruptcy petitions without performing reasonable investigations into the circumstances that gave rise to the petitions and with knowledge that the information in the schedules filed with the petitions was incorrect. In addition, the debtors each paid \$1,000.00 to the Shoemaker Entities, then the Shoemaker Entities paid Acevedo \$799.00 after the bankruptcy proceedings were underway, which the court found to be an undisclosed fee sharing arrangement. Furthermore, the court drew a negative inference from Acevedo's decision to invoke his Fifth Amendment privilege at the OSC hearing. The court went on to find Acevedo's actions "egregious" and ordered disgorgement of \$15,181.00 (the entire \$799.00 Acevedo received for each of the nineteen cases) and sanctions of \$500.00 per case (totally an additional \$9,500.00.00). The court then referred Acevedo to the Panel for further sanctions.2

Disciplinary Panel Hearing

Attorney Oscar Acevedo's Statement re Disciplinary Proceedings ("Statement") was filed November 1, 2010. The UST filed its Notice of Appearance on October 25, 2010.

In his statement, and at the hearing before the Panel on November 2, 2010, Acevedo accepted responsibility for his actions. Moreover, Acevedo outlined the steps he had thus far taken to "make things right," including joining the Central District

² Because the California Bar Court, in Decision 09-TE-19229, declared Shoemaker ineligible to practice law, the court did not refer Shoemaker to the Panel.

Consumer Bankruptcy Attorneys Association and attending that organization's continuing education programs, delivering to the UST cashier's checks in the amount of \$799.00 each made out to the nineteen debtors and attending the State Bar of California's Ethics School. He also indicated that he had successfully obtained discharges for "several" of his clients since he began practicing bankruptcy in 2008.

At the hearing before the panel, the UST confirmed that it had received the sanction payments from Acevedo. However, the UST indicated it had been unable to locate all of the nineteen debtors due to the nature of their situations (i.e., being on the verge of foreclosure when their bankruptcies were filed).

The UST also informed the Panel that Acevedo had filed an additional 22 bankruptcy cases in the Central District in conjunction with the Shoemaker Entities, and that these other filings had the same or very similar problems. The UST provided the Panel with a list of these additional cases, but with no supporting evidence. The UST urged the Panel to assess additional sanctions against Acevedo as to these additional 22 cases.³

Moreover, the UST asked the Panel to consider, in aggravation, that Acevedo had demonstrated his ability to properly file and follow through with "real" bankruptcy cases, and that he charged between \$1,500.00 and \$2,500.00 for such cases. Therefore, argued the UST, the \$799.00 fee Acevedo accepted for the nineteen cases was evidence that Acevedo had no intent to follow through with these cases and that they were merely filed to delay creditors from foreclosing.

Panel's Findings

In his Statement and at the Panel hearing, Acevedo did not dispute the findings of fact and law set forth in the court's Memorandum. Therefore, we will adopt the court's findings as set forth in the Memorandum. In particular, the Panel finds as follows:

1. Acevedo violated Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9011(b)(1) by filing nineteen bankruptcy cases solely for the improper purpose of delaying foreclosures with no intent to proceed with the bankruptcy cases through to discharge.

³ Since this list of additional cases did not come with any evidentiary support, it was not considered by the Panel.

- 2. Acevedo violated 11 U.S.C. § 707(b)(4)(C) and (D), when he placed his signature on the nineteen bankruptcy petitions without performing reasonable investigations into the circumstances giving rise to the documents and in violation of his duty to represent that, to the best of his knowledge, the information in the schedules filed with the petitions was correct.
- 3. Acevedo violated 11 U.S.C. § 329(a) and Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 2016(b) in the nineteen cases by failing to disclose the fee arrangement with the Shoemaker Entities.
- 4. Acevedo violated 11 U.S.C. § 329(b) in the nineteen cases by failing to competently perform his duties as an attorney, thereby making the fees paid to him excessive.

Further Sanctions

Having considered the evidence received at the hearing and the oral and written arguments of the parties, in addition to those sanctions detailed in the Memorandum, the Panel imposes the following further sanctions:

- Acevedo should be suspended for one year from practicing before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California.
- Acevedo should demonstrate to the Chief Bankruptcy Judge that he has successfully rehabilitated himself by taking classes and instruction in bankruptcy law, law office management and legal ethics before he may apply for reinstatement to practice before the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California.

This memorandum decision constitutes the Panel's findings of fact and conclusions of law. A separate order setting forth the Panel's rulings will follow.

A copy of this memorandum and the entered order shall be delivered to each sitting judge of the United States Bankruptcy Court for Central District of California, to the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Central District of California, and to the State Bar of California.

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3		Ernest M. Robles, Presiding United States Bankruptcy Judge
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6	Dated: 12-9-10	M THAN
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8		United States Bankruptcy Judge
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11	Dated: 12/9/10	Catherine E. Bauer
12		United States Bankruptcy Judge
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I, Vanessa Keith Garcia, a regularly appointed and qualified clerk of the United

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States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California, do hereby certify that in the performance of my duties as such clerk, I served on each of the parties listed below, at the addresses set opposite their respective names, a copy of the Memorandum of Decision on Disciplinary Proceeding of Oscar Acevedo in the within matter by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon, fully prepaid, in the United States Mail on December 20, 2010.

Oscar Acevedo, Esq.

Law Offices of Oscar Acevedo

280 N. Montebello Blvd., Suite 101

Montebello, CA 90640

Peter C. Anderson, United States Trustee

Office of the United States Trustee

21051 Warner Center Lane, Suite 115

Woodland Hills, CA 91367

ATTN: Jennifer L. Braun, Esq.

Katherine C. Bunker, Esq.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: December 20, 2010

Vanessa Hith Garan

(Deputy Clerk)